

## H2T15R

$$\text{Laske } \int_0^{2\cdot\pi} \frac{\cos(x)}{13 - 12 \cdot \cos(2 \cdot x)} \, dx$$

a) symbolisesti, b) numeerisesti

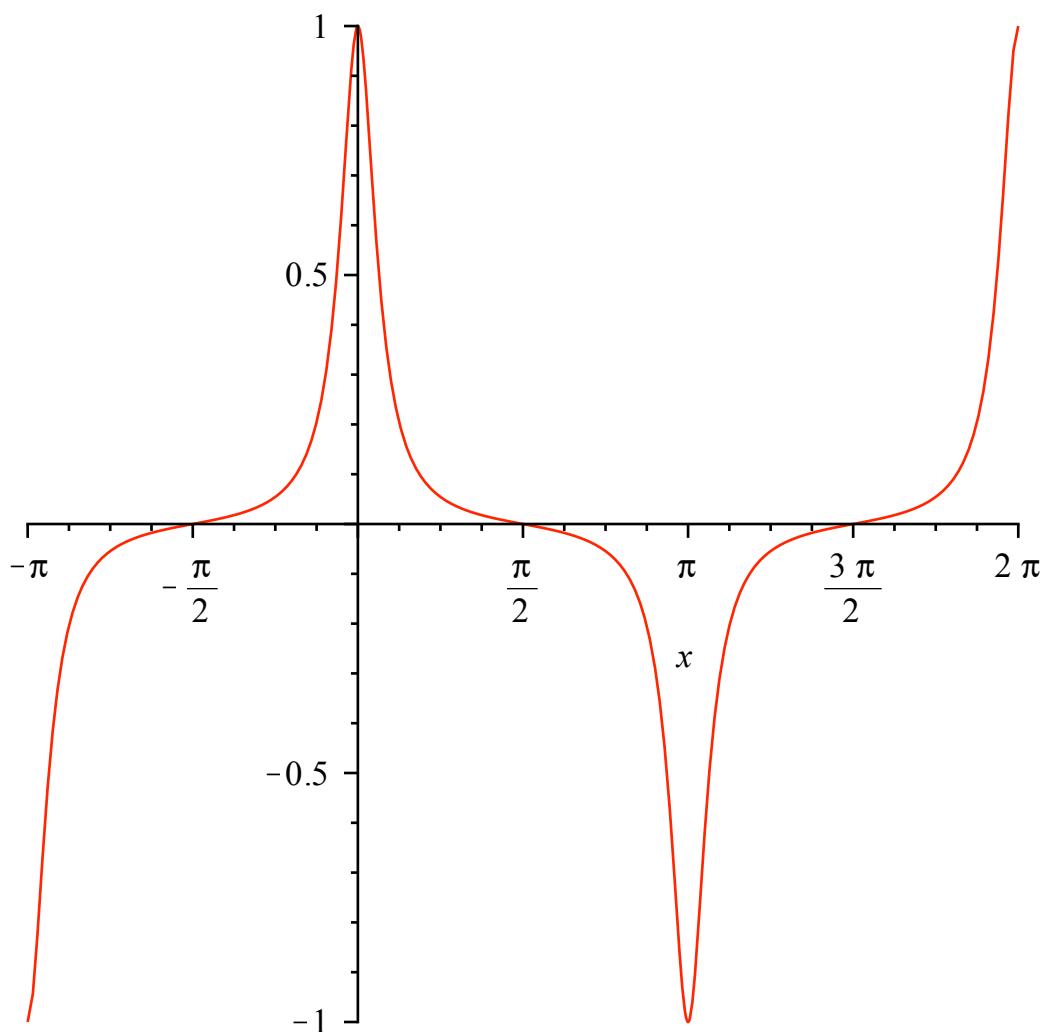
$$\begin{aligned} & > f := x \rightarrow \frac{\cos(x)}{13 - 12 \cdot \cos(2 \cdot x)} \\ & = & & f := x \rightarrow \frac{\cos(x)}{13 - 12 \cos(2x)} \end{aligned} \tag{1}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & > \int f(x) \, dx \\ & = & & \frac{1}{12} \sqrt{6} \arctan(2 \sin(x) \sqrt{6}) \end{aligned} \tag{2}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & > \text{int}(f(x), x = 0 .. 2 \cdot \text{Pi}) \\ & = & & 0 \end{aligned} \tag{3}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & > \text{int}(f(x), x = 0 .. 2 \cdot \text{Pi}, \text{numeric}) \\ & = & & -1.795902271 \cdot 10^{-10} \end{aligned} \tag{4}$$

$$> \text{plot}(f(x), x = -\text{Pi} .. 2 \cdot \text{Pi})$$



$f\left(\frac{\pi}{2} - a\right) + f\left(\frac{\pi}{2} + a\right) = 0$  (5)

**Matlab**

$f := x \rightarrow \frac{\cos(x)}{13 - 12 \cdot \cos(2 \cdot x)}$

**Matlab :**

```
>> f=@(x) cos(x)./(13-12*cos(2*x))
```

```
f=
@(x)cos(x)./(13-12*cos(2*x))
```

```

>> fplot(f,[0 2*pi]);shg
>> help quad
>> help quadl
>> quad(f,0 ,2*pi)
ans =
    1.8705e-06

>> tol=1e-10;quad(f,9,2*pi,tol)
ans =

-0.2268

>> tol=1e-10;quad(f,0,2*pi,tol)
ans =
    3.9262e-11
>> tol=1e-12;quad(f,0,2*pi,tol)
ans =
    -6.3838e-15
>> tol=eps;quad(f,0,2*pi,tol)
Warning: Maximum function count exceeded; singularity likely.
> In quad at 107
ans =
    -0.0087    % quad ei selviä minimitoleranssilla, onneksi varoittaa
                 % Lasketaan tarkemmassa menetelmällä (funktio quadl)
>> tol=eps
>> quadl(f,0,2*pi,tol)
tol =
    2.2204e-16

ans =
    -2.7756e-16

```